
LINEAR CONTROL SYSTEMS

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Lecture 22

Controller design in the frequency domain

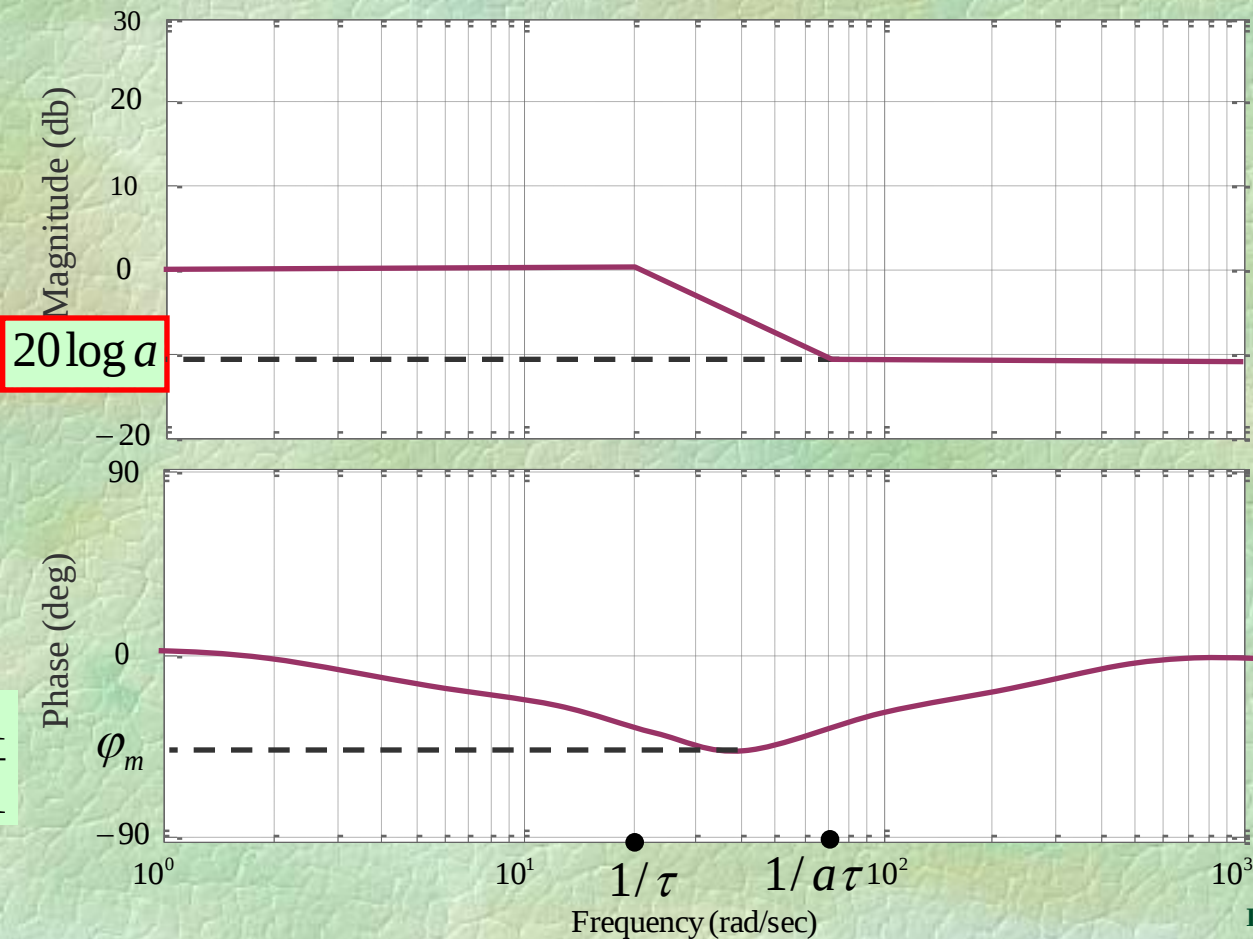
Topics to be covered include:

- ❖ Lag controller design

A phase-lag controller

$$G(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1}$$

Let $a < 1$



$$\sin \varphi_m = \frac{a-1}{a+1}$$

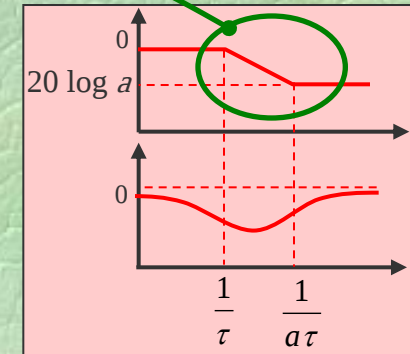
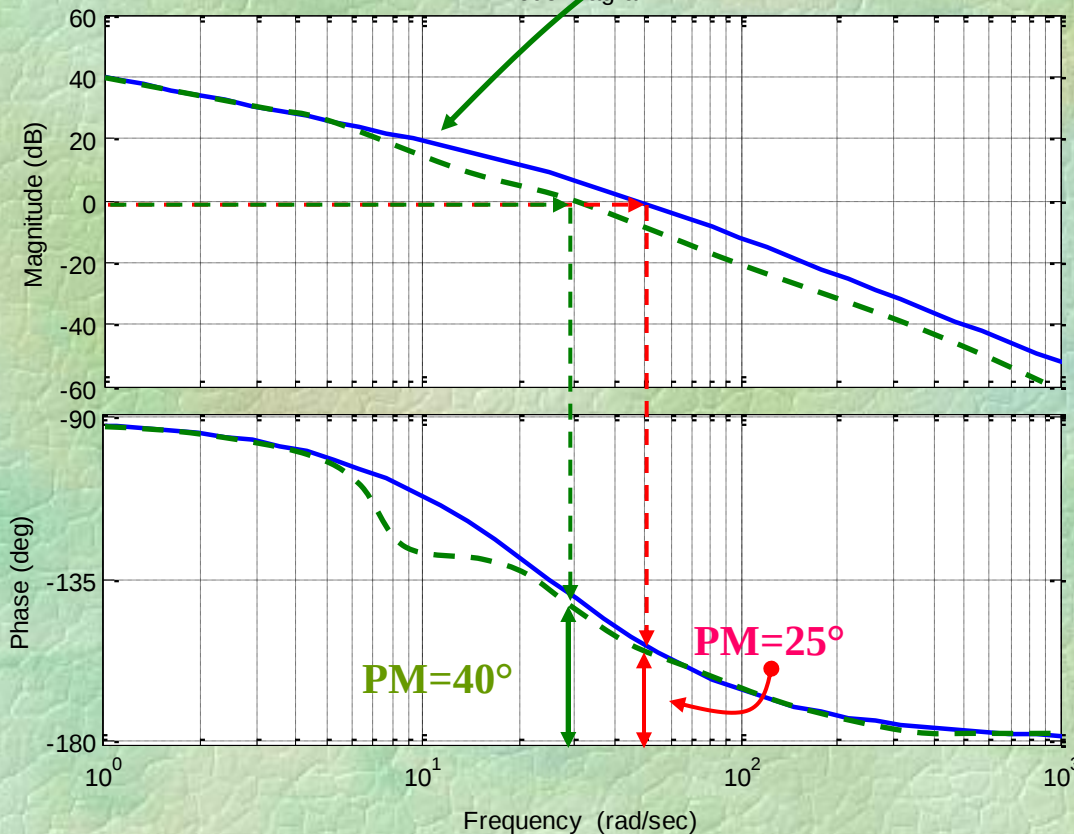
Design fundamental of a lag controller

Analysis

Design

Consider a minimum phase system.

Bode Diagram



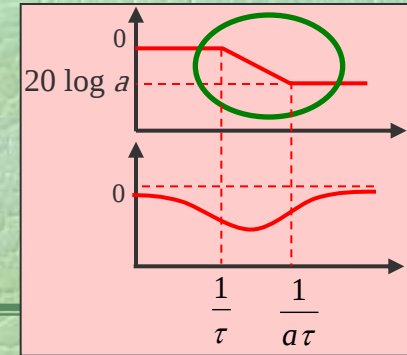
How can the lag controller help us?

Is it different from a Proportional controller?

What is the effect of a lag controller on BW? Speed of system?

What is the effect of a lag controller on noise effect?

Design procedure of a phase-lag controller in the frequency domain



Step 1: Consider $G_c(s) = k \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1}$ with $a < 1$ as a phase-lag controller.

Note: If the plant has another gain k , let $G_c(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1}$

Step 2: Try to fix k according to the performance request, otherwise let $k=1$ ✓

Step 3: Sketch the Bode plot of the system (with the fixed k) without controller.

Step 4: According to desired PM (GM) choose the new gain crossover frequency (Phase crossover frequency). (reduce it a little).?

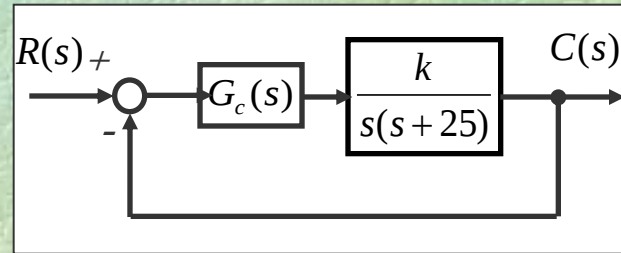
Step 5: Find the required gain by lag controller and **derive the parameter**

a. Required gain $|_{db} + 20 \log(a) = 0 \Rightarrow a = \checkmark$

Step 6: Put the right corner of the controller sufficiently far from crossover frequency. $\frac{1}{a\tau} = \frac{\omega_{cross}^{new}}{10} \Rightarrow \tau = \checkmark$

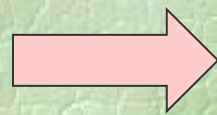
Step 7: Check the designed controller.

Example 1: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the phase margin be 45° and the ramp error constant be 100. Find the M_p of overall system.



Step 1: Consider $G_c(s) = k \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1}$ with $a < 1$ as a phase-lag controller.

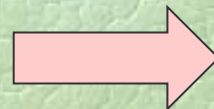
Note: If the plant has another gain k , let $G_c(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1}$



$$G_c(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1} \quad a < 1$$

Step 2: Try to fix k according to the performance request, otherwise let $k=1$

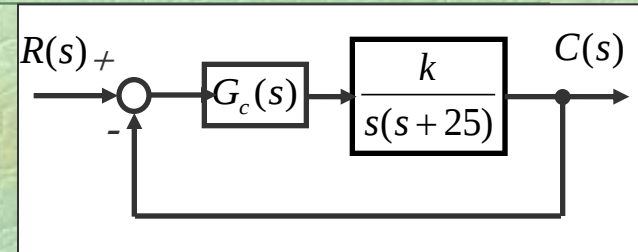
$$k_v = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s G_c(s) \frac{k}{s(s+25)} = 100$$



$$k = 2500$$

Example 1: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the phase margin be 45° and the ramp error constant be 100. Find the M_p of overall system.

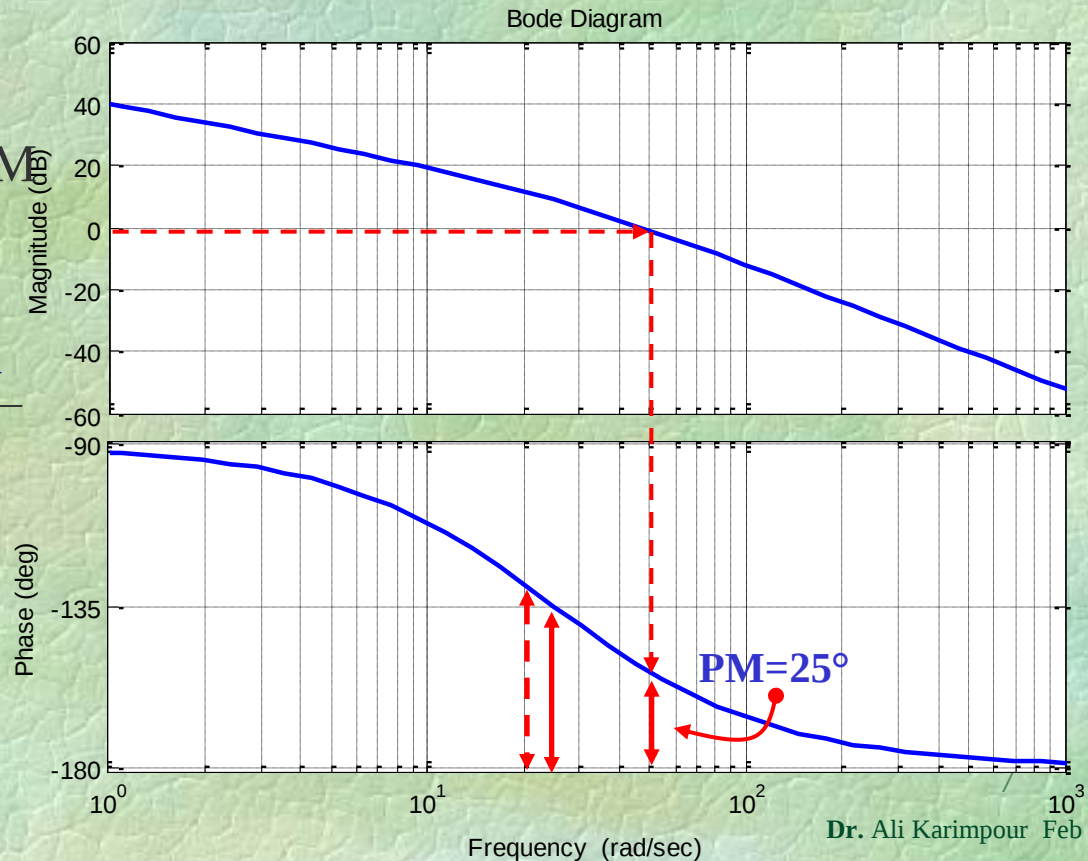
Step 3: Sketch the Bode plot of the system (with the fixed k) without controller.



$$G(s) = \frac{2500}{s(s+25)} = \frac{100}{s(s/25+1)}$$

Step 4: According to desired PM (GM) choose the new gain crossover frequency (Phase crossover frequency). (reduce it a little).

$$\cancel{\omega_{cross}^{new} = 25} \quad \omega_{cross}^{new} = 20$$



Example 1: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the phase margin be 45° and the ramp error constant be 100. Find the M_p of overall system.

Step 5: Find the required gain by lag controller and **derive the parameter a** .

$$\text{Required gain } |_{\text{db}} + 20 \log(a) = 0$$

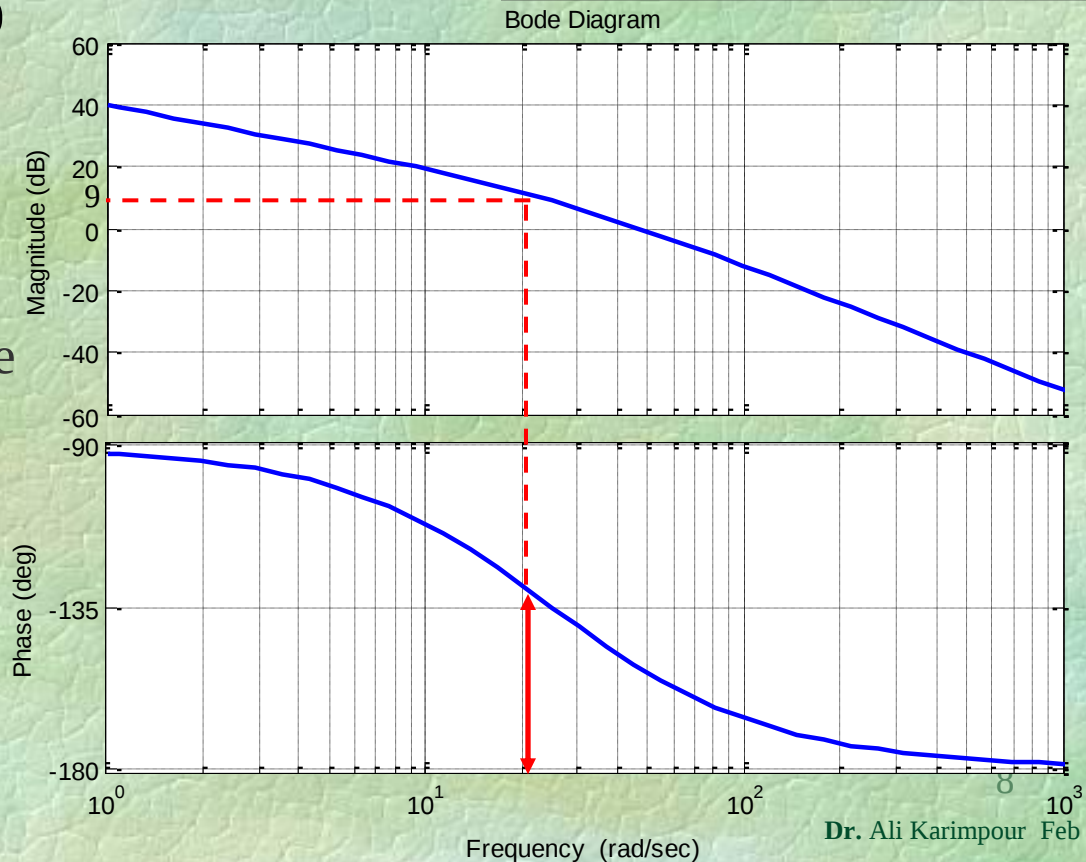
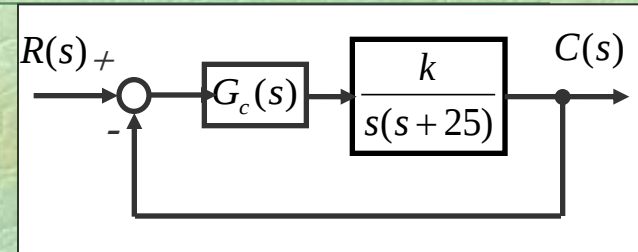
$$9 + 20 \log(a) = 0$$

$$a = 10^{-\frac{9}{20}} = 0.35$$

Step 6: Put the right corner of the controller sufficiently far from crossover frequency.

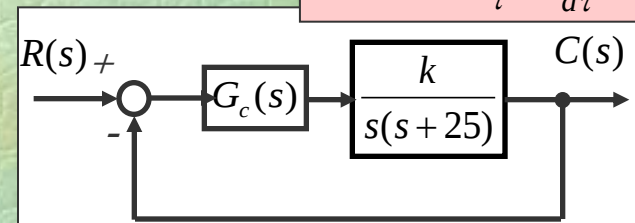
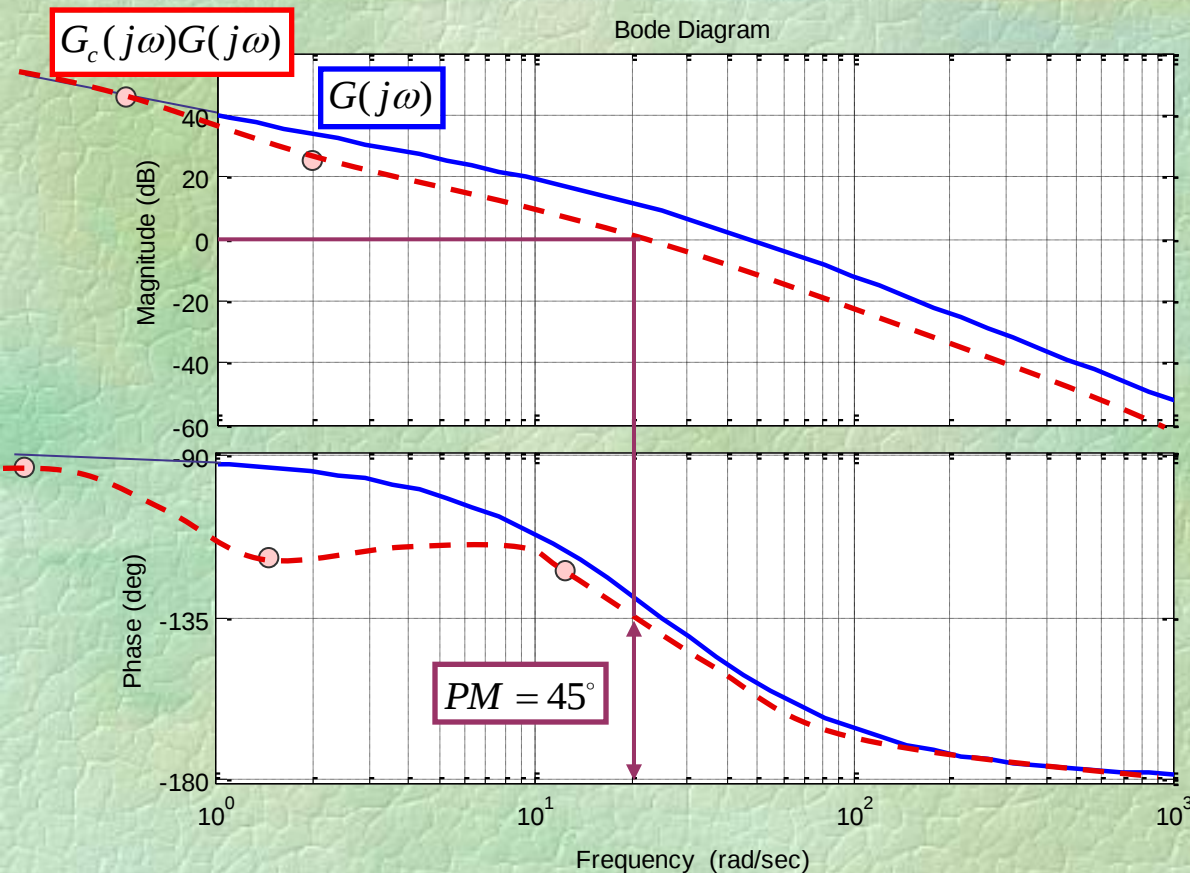
$$\frac{1}{a\tau} = \frac{\omega_{\text{cross}}^{\text{new}}}{10} = 2 \quad \tau = 1.41$$

$$G_c(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1} = \frac{0.5s + 1}{1.41s + 1}$$



Example 1: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the phase margin be 45° and the ramp error constant be 100. Find the M_p of overall system.

Step 7: Check the designed controller.



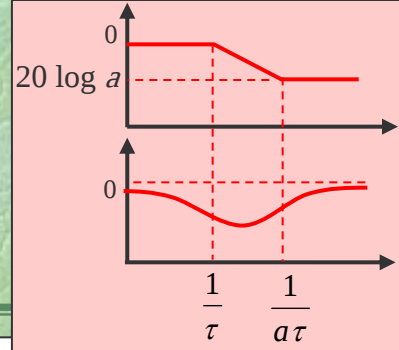
$$G_c(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1} = \frac{1.41 \times 0.35s + 1}{1.41s + 1}$$

$$1/\tau = 0.71, 1/a\tau = 2$$

$$20 \log a = -9 \text{ db}$$

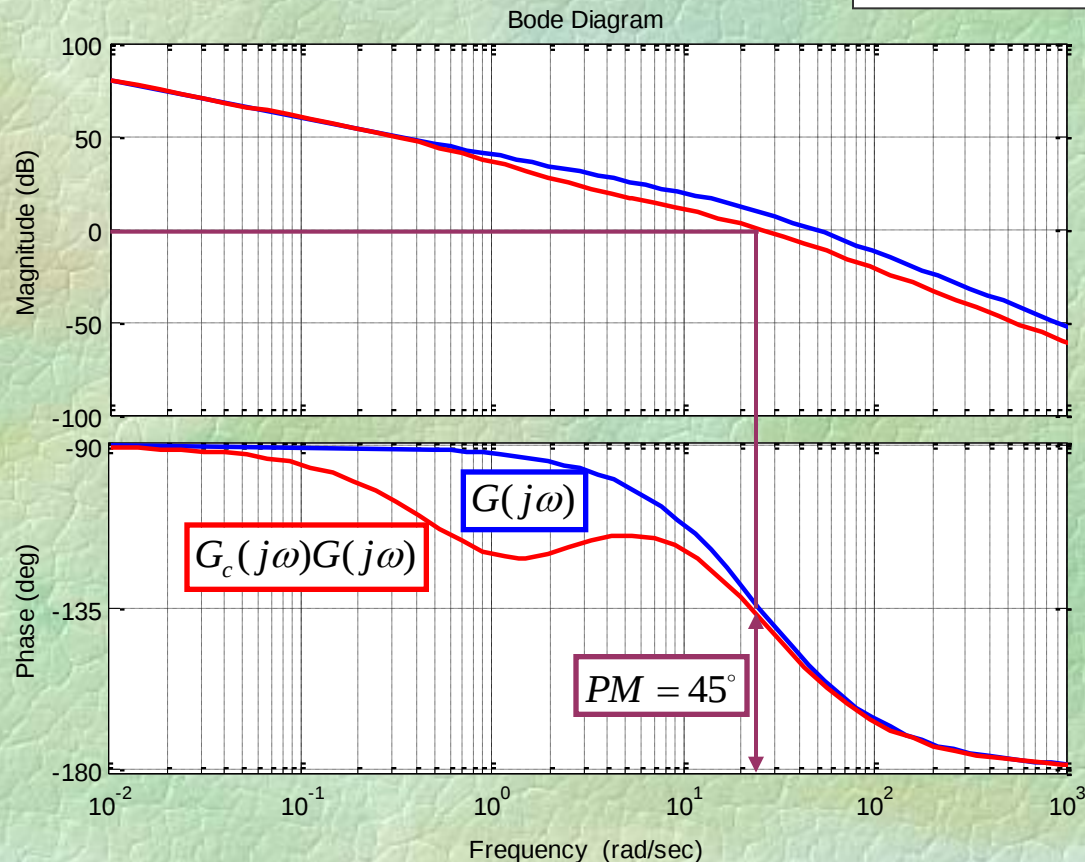
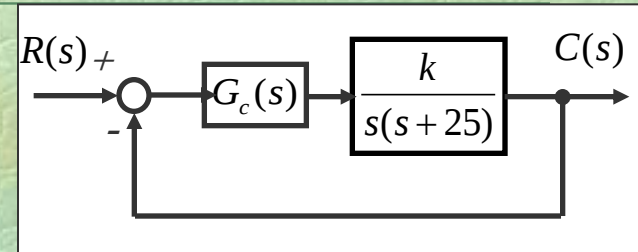
$$1/\sqrt{a\tau} = 1.19$$

$$\sin \varphi_m = \frac{0.354 - 1}{0.354 + 1} \Rightarrow \varphi_m = -28^\circ$$



Example 1: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the phase margin be 45° and the ramp error constant be 100. Find the M_p of overall system.

Step 7: Check the designed controller.



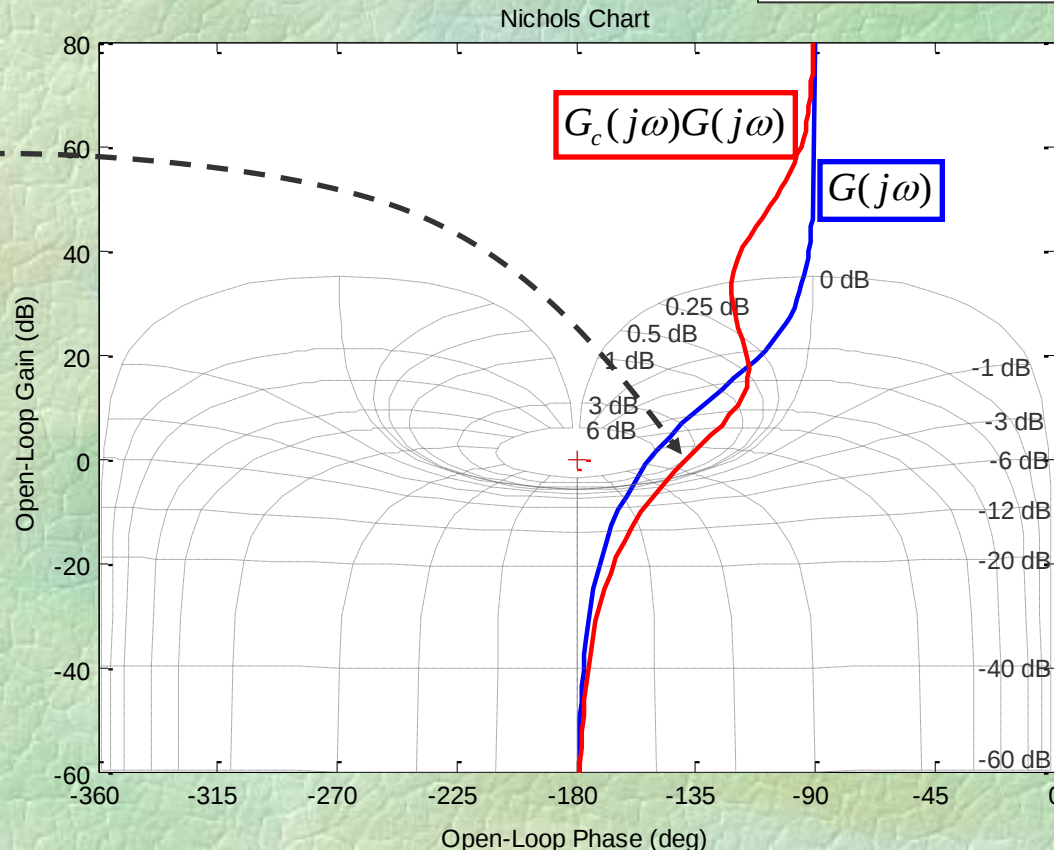
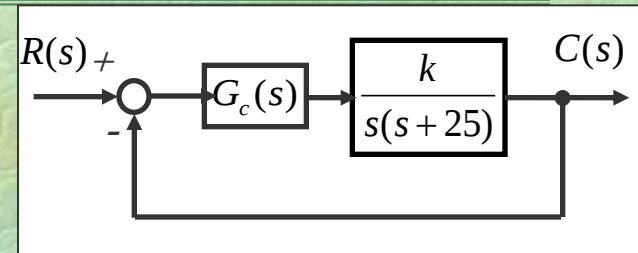
Example 1: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the phase margin be 45° and the ramp error constant be 100. Find the M_p of overall system.

Finding M_p

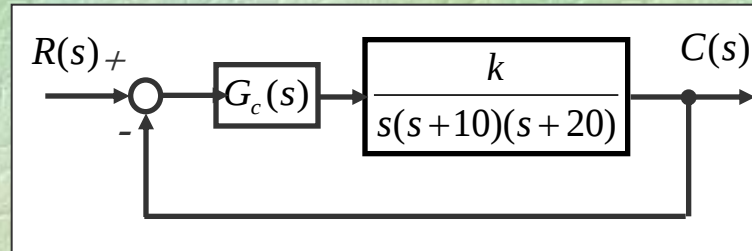
Without controller $M_p = 6 \text{ dB}$

After applying
controller

$M_p = 3 \text{ dB}$

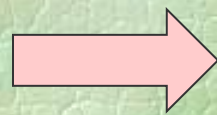


Example 2: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the phase margin be 45° and the ramp error constant be 100.



Step 1: Consider $G_c(s) = k \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1}$ with $a < 1$ as a phase-lag controller.

Note: If the plant has another gain k , let $G_c(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1}$



$$G_c(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1} \quad a < 1$$

Step 2: Try to fix k according to the performance request, otherwise let $k=1$

$$k_v = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s G_c(s) \frac{k}{s(s+10)(s+20)} = 100$$



$$k = 20000$$

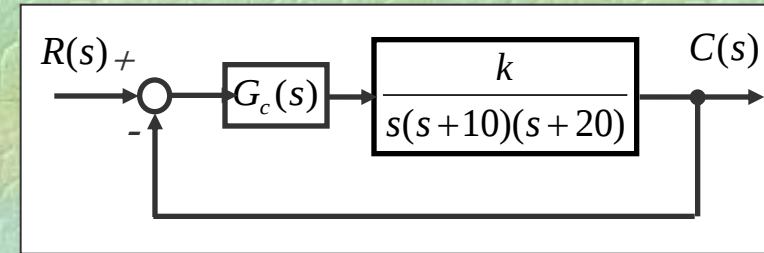
Example 2: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the phase margin be 45° and the ramp error constant be 100.

Step 3: Sketch the Bode plot of the system (with the fixed k) without controller.

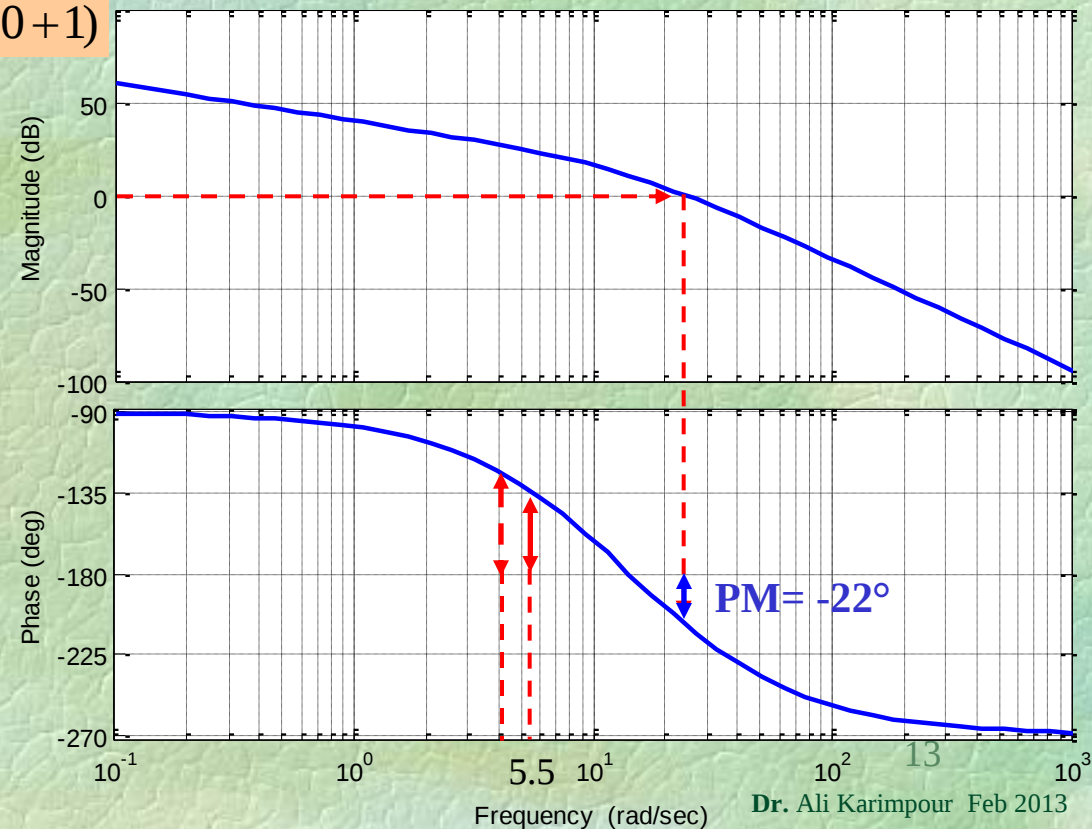
$$G(s) = \frac{20000}{s(s+10)(s+20)} = \frac{100}{s(s/10+1)(s/20+1)}$$

Step 4: According to desired PM (GM) choose the new gain crossover frequency (Phase crossover frequency). (reduce it a little).

$$\omega_{cross}^{new} = 5.5 \quad \omega_{cross}^{new} = 4$$



Bode Diagram



Example 2: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the phase margin be 45° and the ramp error constant be 100.

Step 5: Find the required gain by lag controller and **derive the parameter a** .

Required gain $|_{\text{db}} + 20\log(a) = 0$

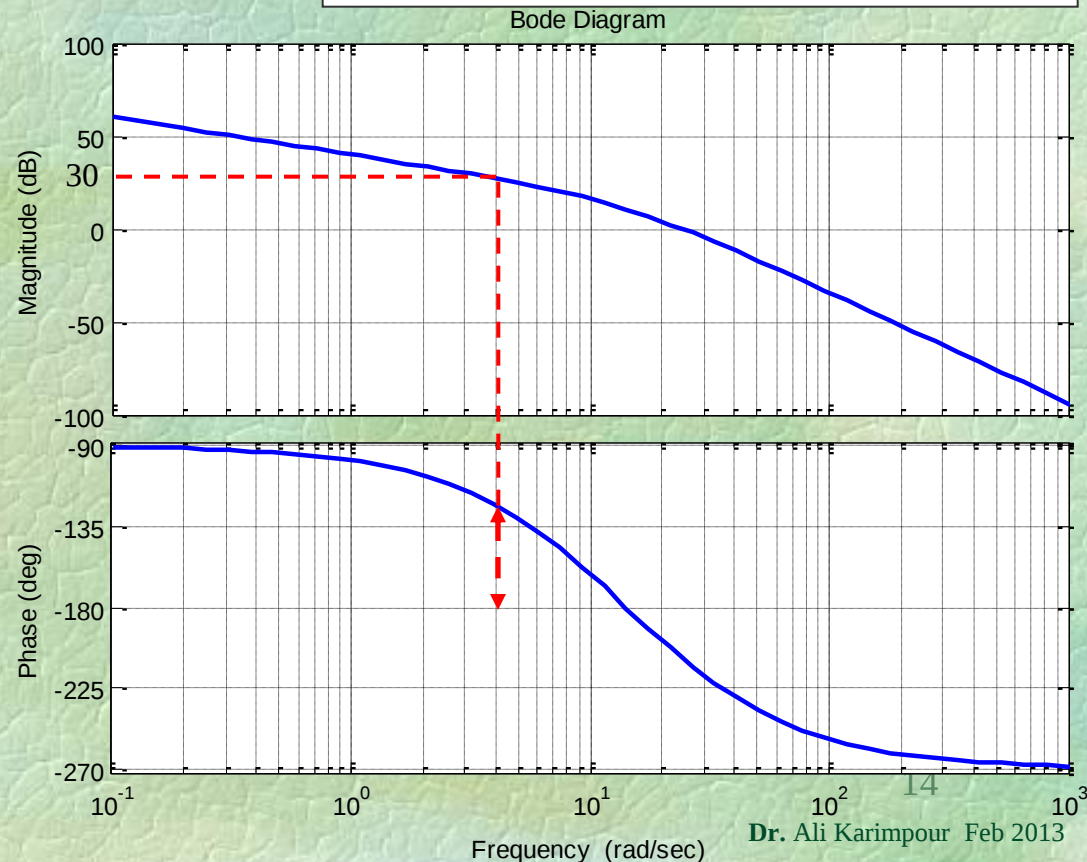
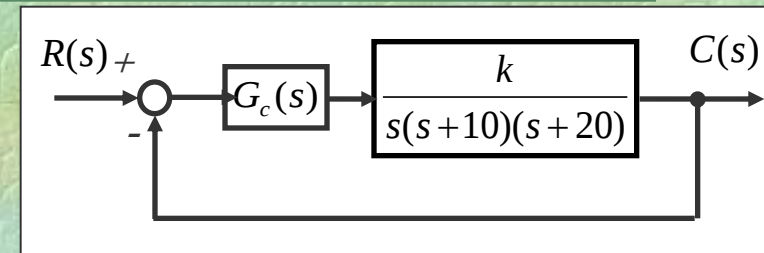
$$30 + 20\log(a) = 0$$

$$a = 10^{-\frac{30}{20}} = 0.0316$$

Step 6: Put the right corner of the controller sufficiently far from crossover frequency.

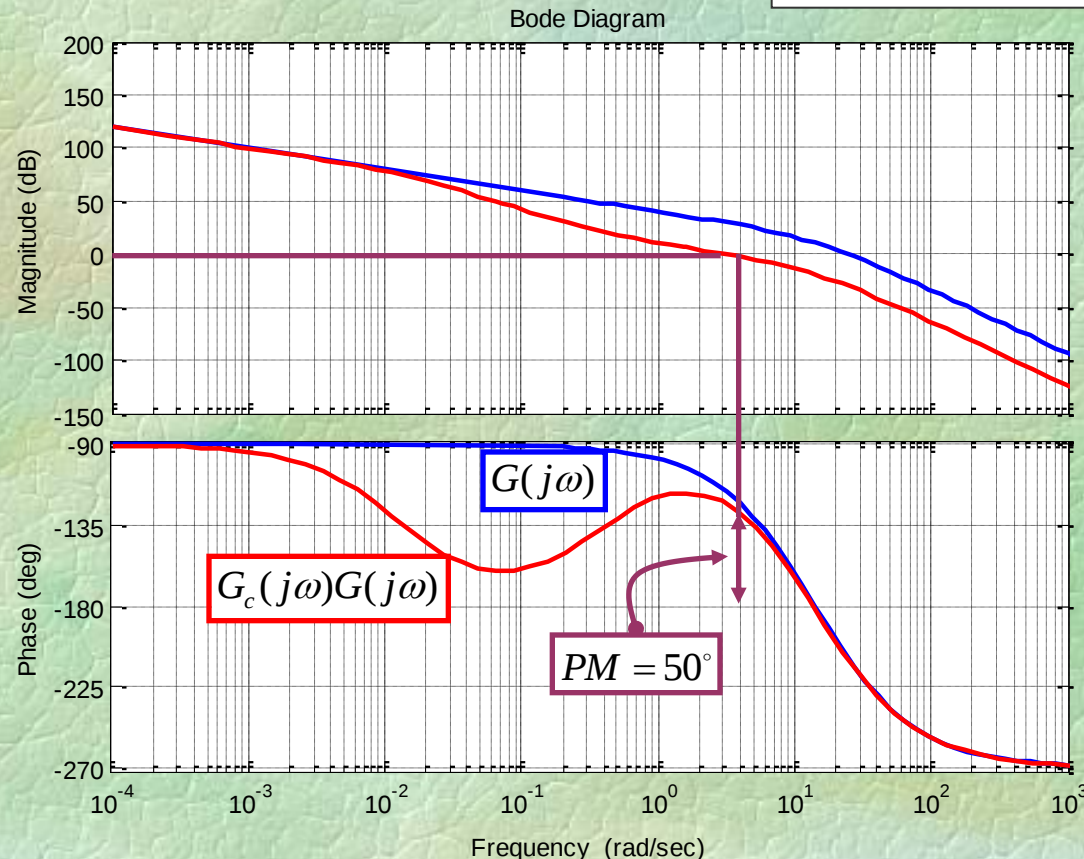
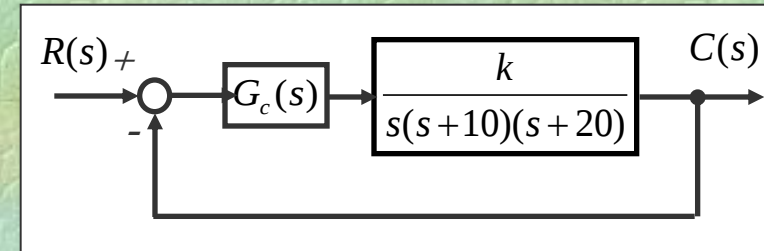
$$\frac{1}{a\tau} = \frac{\omega_{\text{cross}}^{\text{new}}}{10} = 0.4 \quad \tau = 79$$

$$G_c(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1} = \frac{2.5s + 1}{79s + 1}$$



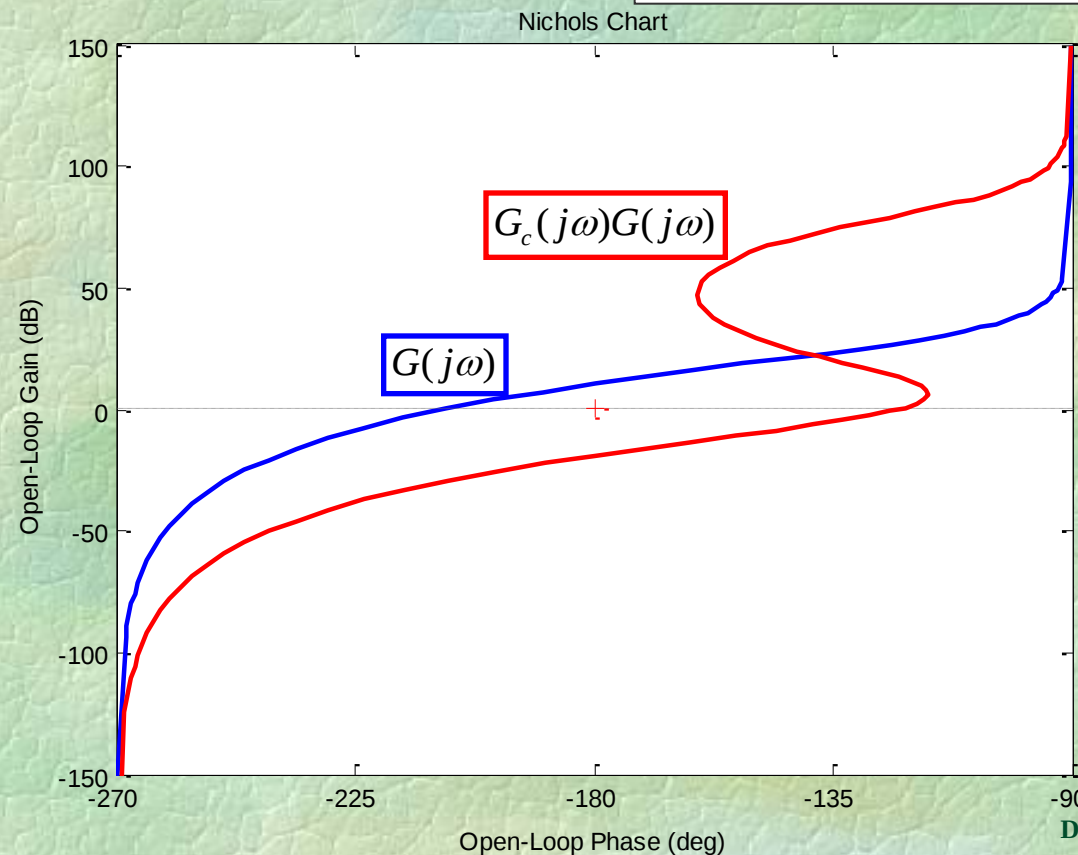
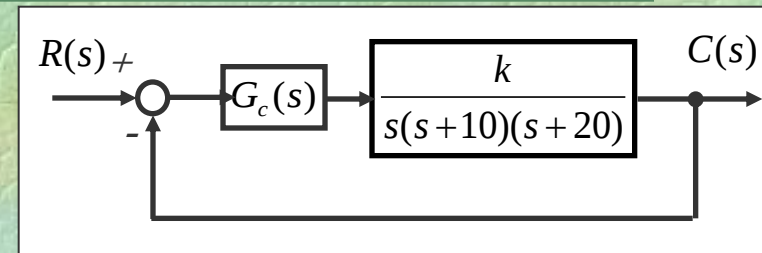
Example 2: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the phase margin be 45° and the ramp error constant be 100.

Step 7: Check the designed controller.

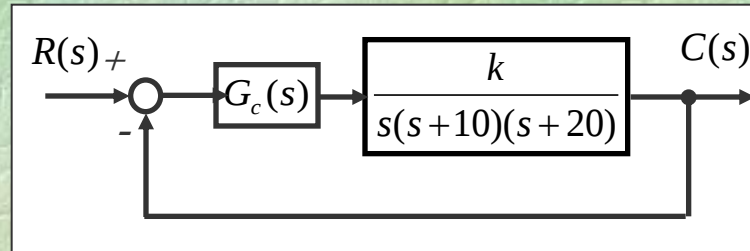


Example 2: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the phase margin be 45° and the ramp error constant be 100.

Step 7: Check the designed controller.

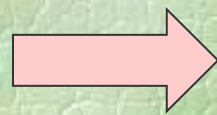


Example 3: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the gain margin be 10 db and the ramp error constant be 100.



Step 1: Consider $G_c(s) = k \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1}$ with $a < 1$ as a phase-lag controller.

Note: If the plant has another gain k , let $G_c(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1}$



$$G_c(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1} \quad a < 1$$

Step 2: Try to fix k according to the performance request, otherwise let $k=1$

$$k_v = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s G_c(s) \frac{k}{s(s+10)(s+20)} = 100$$



$$k = 20000$$

Example 3: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the gain margin be 10 db and the ramp error constant be 100.

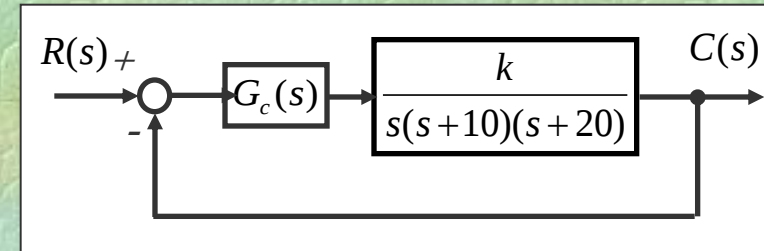
Step 3: Sketch the Bode plot of the system (with the fixed k) without controller.

$$G(s) = \frac{20000}{s(s+10)(s+20)} = \frac{100}{s(s/10+1)(s/20+1)}$$

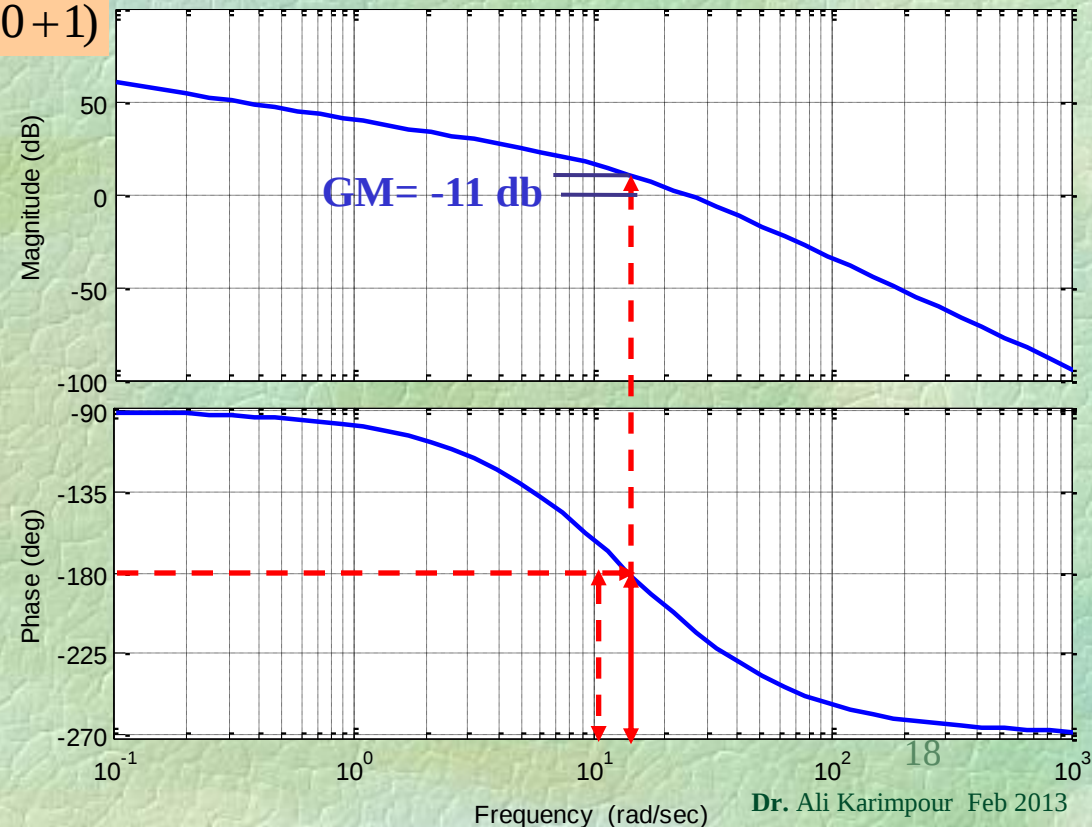
Step 4: According to desired PM (GM) choose the new gain crossover frequency (Phase crossover frequency). (reduce it a little).

~~$$\omega_{cross}^{new} = 15$$~~

$$\omega_{cross}^{new} = 15$$



Bode Diagram



Example 3: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the gain margin be 10 db and the ramp error constant be 100.

Step 5: Find the required gain by lag controller and **derive the parameter a**.

$$\text{Required gain } |_{\text{db}} + 20 \log(a) = 0$$

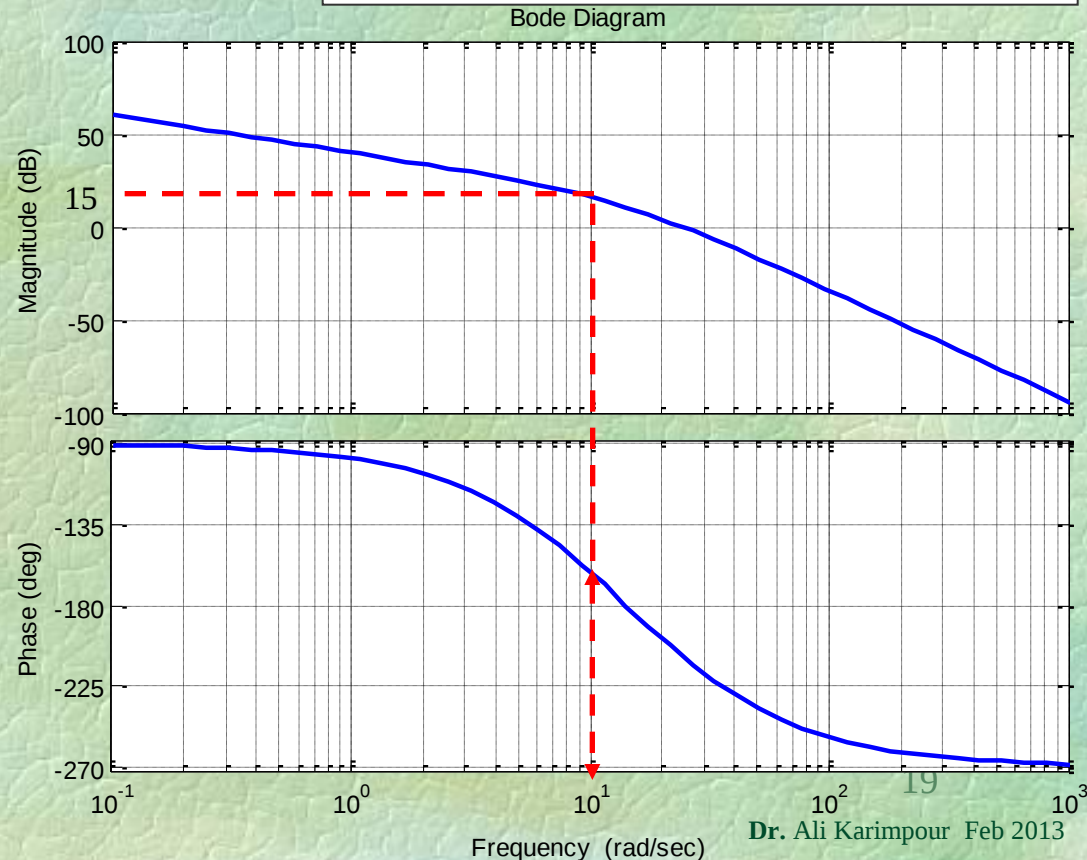
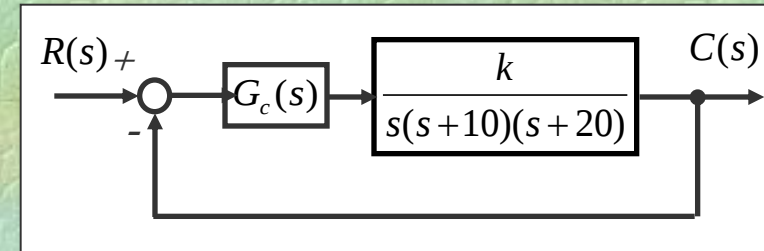
$$25 + 20 \log(a) = 0$$

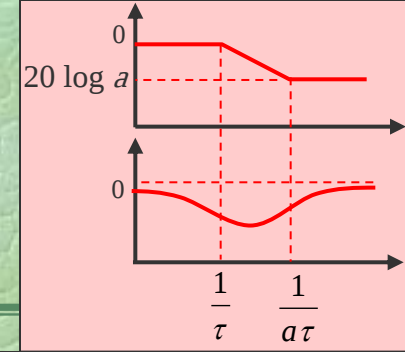
$$a = 10^{-\frac{25}{20}} = 0.056$$

Step 6: Put the right corner of the controller sufficiently far from crossover frequency.

$$\frac{1}{a\tau} = \frac{10}{10} = 1 \quad \tau = 17.9$$

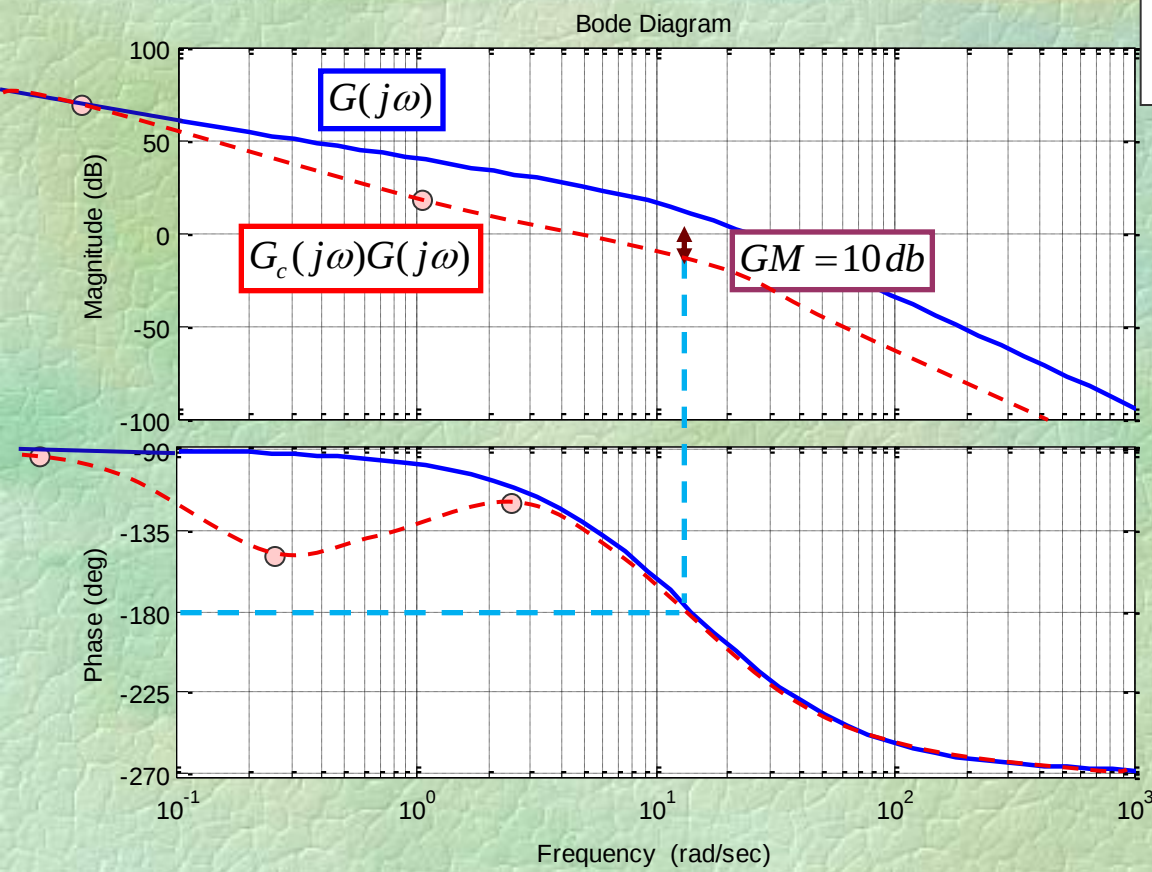
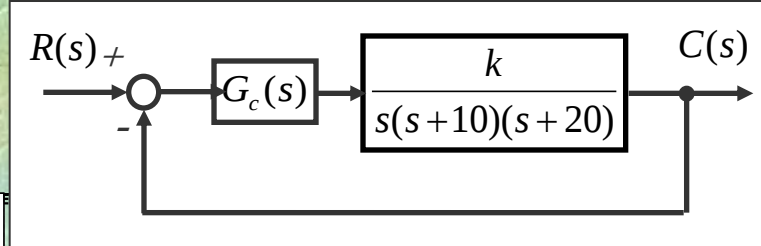
$$G_c(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1} = \frac{s + 1}{17.9s + 1}$$





Example 3: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the gain margin be 10 db and the ramp error constant be 100.

Step 7: Check the designed controller.



$$G_c(s) = \frac{a\tau s + 1}{\tau s + 1} = \frac{0.056 \times 17.9s + 1}{17.9s + 1}$$

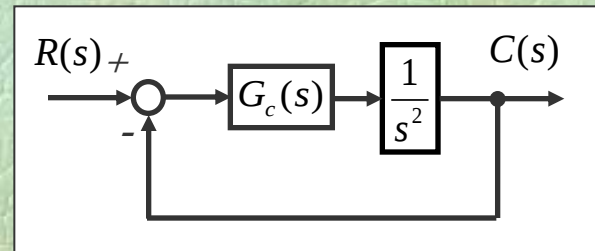
$$1/\tau = 0.06, 1/a\tau = 1$$

$$20 \log a = -25 \text{ db}$$

$$1/\sqrt{a\tau} = 0.25$$

$$\sin \varphi_m = \frac{0.056 - 1}{0.056 + 1} \Rightarrow \varphi_m = -63^\circ$$

Example 4: Design a lag controller for the following system such that the phase margin be 45° and the open loop bandwidth be 10 rad/sec



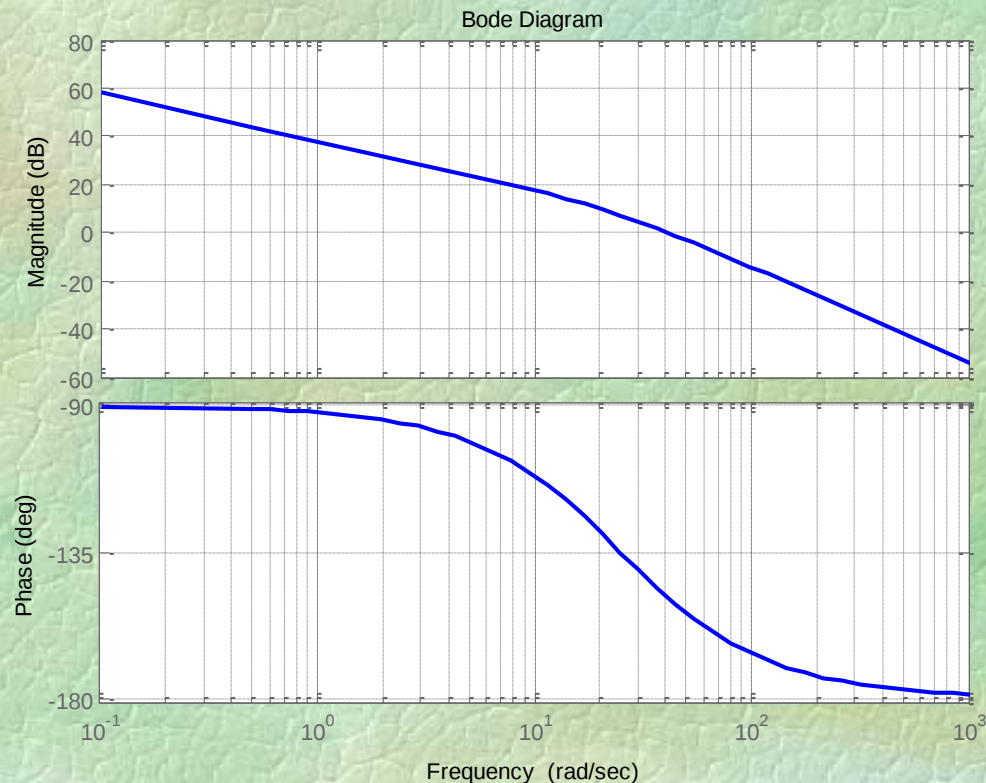
It is not possible explain why?

Exercises

- 1 Derive the gain margin of the compensated system in example 1.
- 2 Derive the phase margin of the compensated system in example 3.

Exercises

- 3 Following is the open loop transfer function of a system.
- What is the velocity error constant. (answer 80)
 - Design lag controller such that $PM=45^\circ$. (answer $G_c(s)=(0.5s+1)/(1.56s+1)$)
 - Design lag controller such that $PM=45^\circ$ and the velocity error constant be 200. (answer $G_c(s)=(0.49s+1)/(3.75s+1)$)



Exercises

- 4 Following is the open loop transfer function of a system.
- Design a controller that the GM of system be 50 db.
 - Design lag controller such that $PM=45^\circ$ and the velocity error constant be 30.

